FIFTY-SECOND YEAR

MONDAY, APRIL 28, 1902. SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.

NUMBER 137

Peter Mortensen In Court Today

Step Was Unexpected So Far as the Public is Concerned -State Establishes a New Precedent by Having Defendant Present When Juzy Panel Proceedings Are in Progress-The Largest Panel in History of Utah.

THE PRISONER ONE WEEK BEFORE HIS TRIAL

Mortensen, who has been a human conundrum from the time of his arrest, is as much of an enigma today as he was on the morning foilowing the disclosure of the dreadful tragedy at Forest Dale, in December last. No one could understand him then; no one san understand him now. At the outset he maintained his innocence with an iciness that repelled all but his most intimate friends, and even they finally held aloof as did also his wife and other relatives. Right now he is exhibiting the same incomprehensible composure that he did then, Besides he is in better health and flesh than he was five months ago. His appearance and every movement are proof of the fact that prison fare has agreed with him. There is no reason why is should not as it has been largely that of his owne is no reason why it should not as it has either been chosen by himself or his sister-in-law, Mrs. Henry Mortensen, who continues to be, as many have said, "the best friend he has on earth." Not for a day has she lost faith or interest in him. Or if she has it has not affected her loyalty to him. It is said that she proposes to stand by him to the very end no matter what the resuit may be or what the world may think of either of them.

The prisoner is now spending his time in reading the current literature of the day. He gets a fresh supply of this as often as he desires it, the last budget being conveyed to him yesterday by Mr. and Mrs. Henry Mortensen who visited him in his cell and talked over with him some of the details of his approaching trial. The work on his own private books upon which he counts to secure his liberty by proving that he had the \$3,000 so frequently referred to during the time of the murder has long been completed. He now simply awaits the day when he shall be put on trial on the shocking charge of having murdered and robbed his friend and neighbor James R. Hay. That he will face the ordeal without flinching, is the firm belief of the prison authorities, and that the state will have to prove every point it makes

The drawings were made and

Peter Mortensen, who is charged with the murder of John R. Hay, was brought into Judge Morse's court room this morning for the special purpose of being present at the drawing of 160 additional jurors to the regular panel of 30 from which number a jury of twelve men wil be drawn to judge of his guilt

FIRST CASE IN UTAH.

This is the first instance in the history of criminal procedure in Salt Lake that a defendant has been brought into court for the special purpose of being present at the drawing of the special venire of jurors to serve at the trial of his case. The total number of jurors who will be summoned for the trial of the case is 190, which is by far the largest number that has ever been drawn on any case in this state. In the Benbrook case there were about 100 drawn, and in the Hamilton case a less number than that.

THE STATE'S POSITION.

The precaution taken by District Attorney Eichnor, in having Mr. Morten-sen present at the drawing this morning, was to guard against any possible technical objection to the proceedings. According to the law a defendant in a criminal action must be present in person at all the proceedings concerning his case. Mr. Eichnor holds that the drawing of the special venire of jurors, particularly in a homicide case, is part of the proceedings and hence requires the defendant's presence in court. The disctrict attorney has established a pre-cedent, by his action in this case, which in the future will be a dangerous one. for attorneys for the state to omit if they wish to avoid objections which might prove fatal to the case of the

PRISONER RODE IN CARRIAGE.

Mortensen was brought to the county building in a carriage by Deputy Sheriff Raleigh and entered the courtroom a few minutes past 10 o'clock. He appeared in good physical condition, hav-ing the appearance of being fleshier than on his former appearances in court. He displayed the same cold and rigid manner which has been charac teristic of him ever since his arrest for the horrible crime, and paid very little attention to the proceedings and parties in the courtroom, looking steadfastly before him at the walls of the room most of the time. At the jail he raised some little objection to being handsome little objection to being hand-cuffed, but, as Deputy Raleigh was alone with him, he thought it best to take no chances so put the irons on

FEW PERSONS PRESENT.

There was no crowd present at the eedings this morning as the matter had been kept quiet by the district at-torney so as not to have the court room crowded. There were a few attorneys and jurors and same parties interested in the case on trial before Judge Morse present in the court room during the time Mortensen was there. Barnard J. Stewart, one of defendant's attorneys. was present and held a brief consulta-tion with his client.

TRIAL BEGINS ON MONDAY.

That the case will come up on Monday, May 5, as originally set is beyond a reasonable doubt as the attorneys for the state and defense here stated that they will be ready for trial on that date. It is quite certain that a week will be consumed in securing a jury and the number of jurors drawn this morning will not be very much too great from which to select the jury.

THE JURY PROCEEDINGS. When court was convened, Mr. Eichnor stated that, in the case of the State of Utah vs Peter Mortensen, charged with murder in the first degree, which was set for trial on Monday, May drawn in addition to the regular panel of 30 which was drawn on March 77. by the county officials. He called the court's attention to the fact that Mortensen and his attorneys were pres-ent in court. The drawing was made, and Mr. Eichnor stated that, owing to the prominence of the case and the difficulty that would be experienced in securing a jury, it would be advisable to draw 150 special jurors, 50 to be summoned for Tuesday, May 6, 50 for Wed-beeday, May 7, and 50 for Thursday, D. Millett.

the following named jurors, on the regular and special panel, will be sum-moned, and 12 of their number will be selected to try the case: TWELVE OF THEM.

List of regular panel of Jurors drawn Thursday, March 27, 1902, for April James A. Cunningham, Oscar F. Hunter, F. S. Murphy, John R. Cushing, Miles W. Romney, H. D. Shurtliff, E. L. Sloan, A. L. Hollander, William Berryman, W. T. Cromar, Frank M. North, Joseph Smith, Charles H. Spencer Jr., Charles Anderson, John M. Reinsimar, David H. Cook, Henry Stringham, Samc. S. Murphy uel Bringhurst, George Morrow, Peter G. Hoffman, William C. Bouck, Hyrum Goff, Archibald Frame, R. V. Decker, August K. Anebelan, Arthur L. Foulger, Charles H. Denhalter, John J. Stocking, James H. Keate, Charles J. Higson.

TEN NEW NAMES.

The following 10 names were drawn this morning in Judge Morse's court to be added to the regular panel: Alonzo Young, David B. Hoover, Sidney K. Hooper, John C. Cutler Jr., William Davis, Edward L. Gray, William Cato Dixon, J. M. Hawkins George Mayne.

The following 50 names were drawn on a special venire returnable Tuesday, at 10 o'clock a. m., May 6, 1902: Charles W. Peck, Fred S. Thomas, Walter Davidson, Samuel T. Godbe, John Brooks, B. A. McMillan, John Treweek, Edwin S. Snelgrove, Oscar L. Carlson, Seth T. Rigby, Charles H. Blanchard, Mike Gibbons, Aurelius Fitzgerald, Henry Cox, Martin Amund-Charles O. King Mulholland, William John R. Stocking, Wm. Cheshire, Chas. John R. Stocking, Wm. Cheshire, Chas. H. Linck, John S. Ebert, Albert M. Merrill, S. Schultz, John F. Whittemore, Thos. W. Partridge, William B. Folsom, Edwin C. Coffin, Frank L. Parker, George E. Wallace, Parley Pettit, John B. Reid, David Jones, H. A. Ward, Ben. E. Harmon. J. W. Campbell, I. N. Dunyon, John H. Linck, Orson P. Hoggan, John A. Johnson, William C. Carlton, Sterling R. Le-Roy, John Montgomery, F. F. Hintze, Gould B. Blakely, W. R. Service, Jas. M. Barlow, Edward Gaby, John Reed.

M. Barlow, Edward Gaby, John Reed.

THE SECOND FIFTY. The following fifty names were drawn on a special venire returnable Wednesday, May 7, 1902, at 10 o'clock a. m.:
Robert W. Brady, John W. Sugden,
Thos. B. Shaw, William T. Sears, Orson
F. Whitney, William A. Cardwell, Thos.
F. H. Morton, Will J. Gray, James W.
McHenry, W. W. Wiscomb, George E. Dyer, James W. Niles, James W. Don-kin, William J. Higgins, Emil Hart-vicksen, Thos. S. Ashworth, William T. Corbin, Samuel W. Reeder, Alexander Brown, Louis B. Kelsey, Thos. Cook, Jr., Frank J. Dunford, A. J. Pendleton, Sr., Frank C. Hodder, E. E. Livingston, Morris R. Hunt, Henry W. Winchester, George N. Warwick, A. E. Caddy, James E. Coult, John S. Bowers, James Lawson, Benjamin R. Haddock, Stephen Davis, Alma Cottam, Thomas W. Jennings, John Woods, Alvin B. Hosick, Thomas Hull, E. B. Wicks, Adolph Vollmer, Edward Barlow, John Branborg, Henry Tribe, F. H. Bemis, William A. Turner, Sr., Thomas Butler, George M. Cannon, George F. Gibbs, W. A. Aubrey.

THE THIRD FIFTY. The following fifty names were drawn on special venire returnable Thurs-day morning, May 8, 1902, at 10 o'clock,

Robert Pike, George Holmes, E. D. Butterfield, Hyrum Beckstead Arthur F. Barnes, Henry Leyland, J. P. Gardner, Charles A. Berg, George W. Ebert, William D. Bowring, George T. Brown, J. J. Corum, John Dean Swift, L. F. Zulick, H. N. Standish, J. B. Dun-ham, Joseph M. Bidwell, Thomas A. Bess, Addison Caine, Edward White W. H. Guiver, W. B. Sprague, William J. Proctor, L. A. Amsden, John H. Gormaine, Alva Butler, George Muller, W. W. Kiddle, William P. Alexander, M. J. Friedman, William T. Foulger, Francis Tate, R. H. Terhune, Hector Griswold, Charles H. Brink, George Romney, Jr., Thomas G. Sutherland, George Taysum, Judah F. Howells, Andrew Jenkins, George Newbold, Wesley K. Rhodes, Joseph G. Ranck, James Wilson, Marlow L. Cummings, Wallace C. Bowring, John H. Walker, Richard

RUSSIAN CONSTITUTION

Czar, It is Said, Will Shortly Issue a Rescript Giving His Empire a Fundamental Law Similar to the Administrative Scheme Drawn Up by the Late General Loris Melikoff

Persistent reports are in circulation to the effect that the czar shortly will issue a rescript giving Russia a constitution similar to the scheme of administrative reform drawn up by the late Gen. Loris Melikoff when he was minister of the interior and which was sanctioned by the late czar, Alexander

St. Petersburg, Sunday, April 27 .- | able to prevent incendiarism, terrorism and plundering. The landed properties throughout the government of Poltava are seeking refuge in the city of Polta-

> Prince Obolensky, the governor of Khereson, is apprehensive of a rising in that government. The police forces in many cities have been increased in strength, notably at Irkutsk and Arch-

Rioting continues to spread in South Russia.

The military thus far have been un-

FUNSTON DEFENDED IN HOUSE.

Washington, April 28 .- This was District of Columbia day in the house under the rules, but the regular order was postponed until Monday next in order that the house might proceed with the consideration of the agricultural bill. The naval appropriation bill was reported and the house then resumed the consideration of the agricultural appropriation bill.

Mr. Curtis, made a brief but fever-ent defense of Gen. Funsion against the criticisms to which he had been

"The people of Kansas," he began, "are proud of the brave, daring, and gallant Fred Funston, (Applause on the Republican side). He has been criticised here for an act which for daring of conception and execution ranks with the greatest feats of arms-he captured the new George Washington-Aguinal-

"If another had accomplished what Gen. Funston did," he said, "the Demo-orats would have made him their can-didate for president."

He called attention to the fact that his promotion had been recommended by Gen. Wheaton and Gen. MacArthur, both soldiers of the civil war, "soldiers who knew more of war and the rules of war than all the politicians in this country combined." "And his commission," he added, "was signed by the greatest predict the baye against the greatest predict the second the greatest president we have ever had —the soldier, statesman and martyr,

Mr. Sibley of Pennsylvania followed with a bitter denunciation of Gen. Jacob He said he had always defended the course of the administration and believed in expansion, but when it came to orders such as issued by Gen. Smith, humanity seemed to have marched backward. 'I have heard of the Saracen scourge, but thank God it took 18 centuries after Calvary to pro-

duce a Gen. Smith."

He declared that Gen, Smith should be discharged in disgrace.

"He admits that he issued the orders to make Samar a howling wilderness," said Mr. Sibley, "and to kill all over 10 years of age. Such a man should not be permitted to stay in the army until the sun goes down. He is a disgrace not only to himself, but to every man who wears the uniform of his country. No man can justify such orders, no matter how adroit may be the plea of his lawyers and defenders. He admits he issued the orders and I hope there is enough courage, patriotism and Christianity at the other end of the avenue to see that he is stripped of his uniform within 48 hours."

uniform within 48 hours. Mr. Sibley was vigorously applauded by the Democrats and some of the Re-

Mr. Williams (Miss.) heartily endorsed Mr. Sibley's onslaught upon Gen. Smith, whom he described as a "brute in uniform."

"But I am a little afraid," he continued, "that he does not strike the evil in the right quarter. It is the system which should be struck at, not the man some remarks in support of the contention that the laws of neutrality were being violated by this government in allowing the shipment of mules and horses to South Africa by the use by the British against the Boer republics.

He said public sentiment favored the cause of the Boers and insisted that neither secretly or openly should our government extend aid to the British. Mr. Feeley and Mr. Gillett (Mass.) clashed on the interpretation of that portion of the treaty of Washington which bound the United States and England as to what constitutes war materials.

In the right quarter. It is the system which should be struck at, not the man who unconsciously carries out the spirit of the spirits out the spirit of the system. Wherever there is a war of conquest against a weak and inferior people, deeds of brutality naturally occur. The chief danger is not the injury to the weak race, but that the temptation to tyranny will react upon the strong race and make brutes of its soldiers. For that reason such wars should be avoided. I agree with the gentleman from Pennsylvania that there can be no justification for a civilized man to issue an order to lay waste a whole country and kill every body, including children over 10 years of age."

O'clock this afternoon.

Train Crashes into a Buggy.

Joliet, Ills., April 28.—At the Ratter-son Crossing of the Sania Fe road, just south of Joliet last night, a fast passenger train crashed into a buggy, killing Mrs. M. B. Mullock, her daughter of a civilized man to issue an order to lay waste a whole country and kill every body, including children over 10 years of age."

POSTMASTERS APPOINTEN

EFFORTS TO EXPEL JESUITS FROM ENGLAND FAIL.

London, April 28 .- The efforts of the Protestant alliance to expel the Jesuits from England, under the act of George IV, have again failed. The alliance orginally applied to a magistrate for summonses on the ground that certain Jesuit priests were guilty of misdemeanors, which, under the ancient law,

involved banishment for life. The magmonses, holding that the act was obso lete. On appeal in the king's beach division of the high court of justice today, the lord chief justice, Lord Alverstone, held that the magistrate had the right to review the summonses and refused to issue a mandamus to compel the magistrate to do so.

THE OLEOMARGARINE BILI

Senate Concurs in House Amendments to the Same-Teller's Amendment to Impose a Tax of Ten Per Cent Upon Products of the Butter Trust Lost.

Washington, April 28 .- When the sen- | ture. The motion was defeated, 26 to ate convened today Mr. Harris of Kansas presented the following telegram, which he had received from the Kansas Millers' association:

"Kansas millers, on account of foreign discriminations, with the best wheat in the world at their door, are not producing over one-third of their full capacity. Unless your committee on foreign relations can give us relief through reciprocal concessions, placing our mills on an equal basis with foreign mills, many of our mills will shut down indefinitely and some of them will be forced to the wall. In our distress we look to our senators for relief." The telegram was referred to the

committee on foreign relations. At his own request, Mr. Carmack

of Tennessee was excused from service on the committee of education and la-

The oleomargarine bill as it came from the house was taken up and Mr. Culberson of Texas moved that it be referred to the committee on agricul-

Mr. Teller then offered an amendmen to the renovated butter section of the bill as passed by the senate, defining a butter trust, and providing that a tax of 10 per cent shall be imposed upon the products of such a trust and upon the capital and assets of such a

The amendment was defeated, 25 to 28, the detailed vote being as follows: Yeas—Bacon, Bate, Blackburn, Clark (Mont.), Clay, Cockrell, Culberson, Daniel, Dubois, Foraker, Foster (La.), Heitfeld, McEnery, McLaurin (Miss.), McLaurin (S. C.), Mallory, Martin, Mitchell, Patterson, Rawlins, Stewart, Teller, Tillman, Turner, Vest-25. Nays-Allison, Burnham, Burton, Cul-

lom, Depew, Dillingham; Dolliver, Fair-banks, Foster (Wash.), Frye, Gamble, Hansbrough, Harris, Hawley, Kean, Kittredge, Lodge, McCumber, McMil-lan, Nelson, Perkins, Platt (Con.), Platt (N. Y.), Proctor, Quales, Simon, Wetmore—28.

Mr. Proctor, in charge of the measure, moved that the senate non-concur in the house amendments and a conference be requested.

Mr. Cockrell (Mo.,) interposed with a

motion to agree to the house amend ments and the motion was agreed to without division, thus passing the bill.

UNITED COPPER CO. IS INCORPORATED

Copper company, with an authorized capital stock of \$80,000,000 was incorporated here today. The company is authorized to mine, smelt and manufacture copper, gold, silver and other metals. The capital stock is divided into \$5,000,000 preferred and \$75,000,000 common stock. It is provided, however, that the issued capital stock shall not exceed \$50,000,000 preferred and \$45,000. 600 common, except on the affirmative vote of three-fourths of the directors of the company, and the holders of two-

Trenton, N. J., April 28.—The United thirds of the stock of each class. It is provided that the preferred stock apital stock of \$80,000,000 was incorest. There is a provise that the company may sell its entire plant with the consent of three-fourth of the directors and the holders of two-thirds of the stock of each class. The registered agent of the company is the Hudson Trust company, of Hoboken N. J. and the incorporators are Horatio Whit-ridge Trusbull, New York: Arthur A. Browniee, Phinceton: John French, New York. The papers were flied by RESULTS OF FRENCH ELECTIONS.

Paris, April 28.-The minister of the interior this afternoon made public the results of 574 elections, which give the Ministerials 234 seats, sub-divided as

Republicans, 89; Radicals, 92; Radical Socialists, 41; Socialists, 21. The Anti-Ministerialists have 151 seats, subdivid-

ed as follows:

Nationalists, 31; Republicans, 60;
One hundred and seventy-three reballots, of which 122 are favorable to the government and 51 are unfavorable are necessary.

M. Paul Cassagnac has been ousted by M. Noulens (Radical) from the seat in the chamber representing the Mir-ande district of the department of

Corrigan's Watchers Encouraged.

New York, April 28.—Archbishop Corrigan passed a comfortable night and those who watched at his bedside were greatly encouraged early today. Dr. E. L. Keyes gave out the following bulletin at 9:30:

"All physical symptoms are favorable in the archbishop's condition. Weakness alone remains and convalescence prob-Dr. Keyes said that the crisis had been passed and that the patient was out of danger.

Policemen Kill a Burglar.

Chicago, April 28.-In a pistol fight between two policemen and five bur-glars here early today one of the lat-ter was killed. Policeman O'Connor saw two men, one of whom he recognized as a thief, standing in front of a store on Archer avenue at Loomis street. When he approached the men opened fire, fleeing at the same time. The officer gave chase, returning the shots. The firing attracted Policeman Herman Maronde who reached the Herman Maronde, who reached the store just as three more men came out of a side entrance. A pistol fight be-tween the trio and the policeman en-sued, and one of the men was shot through the head, dying instantly.

Locomotive Blows Up.

Dover, N. J., April 28 .- A locomotive attached to a passenger train on the Delaware, Lachawanna & Western railroad, blew up near here today, killing the engineer, George Trimmer of Wash-ington, N. J., and fireman Jos. Mayber-ry of Port Murray, N. J.

The first two coaches were thrown on their sides. All the passengers were taken out safely. The accident was caused by the water in the boiler be-

Sol Smith Russell is Dead. Washington, April 28.—Sol Smith Russell, the actor, died here at 2:30 o'clock this afternoon.

[Special to the "News."] Washington, D. C., April 28 .- Idaho, pensions-Increase, Franklin B. Dee-

Aney, Payette, 24. Postmasters appointedfi Utah-Fairrestmasters appointed the Tairfield, Utah county. W. C. Thomas, vice C. E. Mulliner, resigned; Woodland, Summit county, John Moon, vice Lucy Peterson, resigned.

DEATH OF PIONEER. Mrs. Jane Heath Silcock Passes Away At Riverton Yesterday.

Another pioneer passed away yesterday in the person of Mrs. Jane Heath Silcock, who died peacefully at 4 a. m. of general debility. The funeral arrangements are in the hands of Mr. Seth Pixton, who has made provision for conveyances to be at the depot at Riverton on Wednesday for the accommodation of the friends of the deceased lady, who will go down from Salt Lake. The funeral will take place

Mrs. Jane Heath Silcock was born at Hanley, Staffordshire, England, Nov. 6, 1826. At the age of 14 she embraced the Gospel and was handled intraced the Gospel and was baptized into the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints, March 8, 1841, by Elder William Bradbury. She was later confirmed by the late President Wilford Woodruff, Mrs. Silcock had 16 children, seven of whom survive her, 52 grandchildren and 20 great-grandchildren. The departed pioneer emigrated to American in 1843, and was associated with the Saints at St. Louis and Nauvoo previous to the martyrdom of the Prophet Joseph Smith. Mrs. Silcock came to Utah in 1850, and was one of the original pio-neers of Tooele City the year following: shortly afterwards she moved back t Salt Lake and in 1858 went south at th time of the move. After returning she resided for a short time in Grantsville to ultimately settle in Riverton in 1865.

MRS. SPENCER DEAD, Grim Reaper Gathers in Loving Wife And Mother.

Mrs. Vennetta Naylor Spencer, wife of Henry W. Spencer and daughter of William and Annie Naylor, died yesterday at her home in this city after painful illness. She was born in Salt Lake in August, 1865, and was highly beloved by all who knew her because of her kind and womanly nature. She is mourned by a husband and six children, to whom she was a most devoted wife and mother.

The funeral will be held from the late home, 1275 east Eleventh South street. Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends of the family are in-

"NASTY JACK" PLEADS. Says He is Not Guilty of Selling Liquor to Indians.

Jack Morrison, or "Nasty Jack," as he is less elegantly called, was taken before Judge Marshall today to answer to the charge of selling liquor to Indians. He said he was not guilty, and being unable to furnish the bail fixed by the court he was remanded to the

county prison.
U. S. Marshal Heywood has gone to Kanab to serve processes for the May term of court. Deputy Smyth leaves for the north this evening on a similar

Heintz Resigns From Rio Grande

Popular Assistant Passenger Agent of the Gould Lines in Utah Suddenly Severs His Connection With the Rio Grande Western After Many Years of Vigilant and Useful Service-Departure a Matter of Genuine Regret.



Whose Resignation Will be a Great Su prise to the Public.

George W. Heintz, assistant general | George W. Heintz, the assistant genpassenger agent of the RioGrande lines, on Saturday handed in his resignation to Assistant Traffic Manager S. H. Babcock, to take effect as soon as a suitable man could be appointed to succeed

It is understood specifically that Mr. Heintz' resignation was entirely voluntary and was not asked for, as was the case with a number of the employes of

There are rumors of the change on the streets yesterday and this morning. and this afternoon Mr. Heintz was asked to either deny or affirm them. When seen, that gentleman admitted that he had handed in his resignation, but declined to throw any further light upon the matter beyond the statement that he had not resigned to accept a better position with another corpora-

The news comes with the suddenness of the lightning's flash to the many friends and business associates of the popular young railroad official through out Utah and other states where his name is known.

Of the many really capable railroad men to be found in Utah, perhaps no one has done—in fact it is established that none has done so much to advertise the resources of the intermountain country, particularly Utah, as

eral pasenger agent of the Rio Grande system. Mr. Heintz is admirably system. Mr. Heintz is admirably equipped, both by nature and training for this important duty. Being an experienced newspaper man the production of high class literature, put forth in attractive bookiet and magazine form, comes easily to him. Namerous in attractive booklet and magazine form, comes easily to him. Numerous filustrated articles from his nen have appeared in the big magazines and daily press of the East; and in them the praises of Utah have ever been sounded. The benefits therefrom are immeasurable. For years past the great holiday editions of several cities have made features of his contributions in this line. Mr. Heintz commenced his railroad career with the Canadian Pacific, which he served in various capacities for years. He has also been associated with the O. R. & N., the Denver, Texas and Fort Worth (now the Colorado and Southern). On the amalgamation of the Fort Worth and Union Pacific he came to Salt Lake with the Rio Grande Western and was appointed Rio Grande Western and was appointed general pastenger agent of that road, July 10, 1899. When the Gould faction gained control of the Western last fall Mr. Heintz was appointed assistant general passenger agent of the Denver

& Rio Grande system. As a business hustler he has always been regarded as being manifestly suc-cessful. There will be very many re-grets in this state over Mr. Heintz's action. It is too early to foretell what he will do or where he will go, but whatever his lot may be, the best wishes of hundreds will go with him.

JUDGE DIEHL TRIES MANY CASES

Record Breaking Orind at This Morning Session-They Were All State Cases—An Old Man Convicted of Battery— Kay Chin Faces the Court Again

Today was the busiest day Judge | false pretenses, May 5.

The case of Thos. McGee, charged Diehl has had since he was elected judge of the criminal division of the city court, there being 19 cases before him this morning. The following cases were called by Clerk Meeks this morn-

C. A. Carmer, charged with forgery, continued until Monday, May 5, Mary Doe, charged with fornication, lismissed on motion of the attorney.

The case against John Strange continued until May 5. L. J. Clark, accused of refusing to pay for food, continued to May 5.

T. M. Wright, charged with obtaining money under false pretenses, set

ing money under false pretenses, set for May 5.
Daisy White, incorrigibility, May 5.
A. B. Sullivan, charged with grand larceny, continued to May 5.

J. C. Schuckers, charged with forg-ery, was dismissed. W. H. Brown, forgery, dismissed.

Ruby Whitaker, incorrigibility, May Thos, Marsh, obtaining money under

George Besoier, Frank Rafleneirs and Frank Papaoicolan, three Greeks, were arraigned on the charge of violating the Chas. Nichols, a man about 70 years of age, was tried this morning by a jury, on the charge of committing a

with murder in the first degree, will come up some time this week.

Frank Walsh, grand larceny, May 5.

Walsh pleaded guilty to petit larceny and was given 60 days in the county

Jury, on the charge of committing a battery upon an aged man named Squires. It was claimed that Nichols struck Squires with a sling shot. The jury found the defendant guilty, but recommended mercy. Judge Diehl imposed a fine of \$25.

Kay Chin, the Chinese boy who is partly always in some sort of trouble.

nearly always in some sort of trouble, was arraigned on the charge of petit larceny, and the case set for tomor-row morning.

Lawrence Martin, charged with 'attempted larceny, entered a plea of not guilty and the case set for tomorrow

MANY CLUB WOMEN STOP OVER

Four carloads of club women, repre- Mrs. Elizabeth Crismon, Mrs. Gorham, enting the Kansas and Missouri dele- and the ladies of the reception commitsenting the Kansas and Missouri delegations to the blennial at Los Angeles, rrived on Saturday morning at 1:30 o'clock, and were met by a committee consisting of Mrs. C. S. Kinney, chairman, Mrs. W. C. Jennings, Mrs. W. W. Riter, Mrs. John Reed, Mrs. H. L. A. Culmer, Mrs. Mooney, Mrs. C. G. Plummer, Mrs. F. A. Vincent and Mrs. C. D. Moore, representing the local clubs. The visitors numbering in all about 80 boarded the cars and rode about the principal streets of the city and after-ward went to the Ladies Literary club, where light refreshments were served during the morning and afternoon. The reception room and large hall were beautifully decorated with palms, flowering plants and cut flowers, taken through the courtesy of Mayor Thompson from the city green house. In the reception room refreshments were dered an organ recital at served from a daintily spread table by Mrs. W. C. Jennings, Mrs. Iglehart, Mrs. W. Riter, Mrs. Neille C. Little, house and in sightseeing.

The visitors expressed themselves as charmed with the city, the club house, and the hospitality of the resi-dent clubwomen, and seemed thoroughly to enjoy their stay. Later in the af-ternoon they attended an organ recital by Prof. McClellan in the Tabernacle, and were enthusiastic over the event. Yesterday the Michigan delegates arrived and with the other visitors were met at the train and afterward enter-tained at the Ladies Literary clubhouse by a committee consisting of Mesdames C. E. Richards, W. C. Jennings, W. H. Jones, J. Taylor, A. Grant, Ganz Clawson, C. E. Allen, F. J. Fabian and Reed. Many of the delegates vis-ited Saltair and afterward the Tabernacle. This morning the New England delegates arrived, and at 8:30 were tendered an organ recital at the Taber-nacle, the previous and ensuing time being spent at the Ladies' Literary club